ATTACK AT RESERVOIR

Filipinos Repulsed with a Loss of Thirty Killed.

BOTH SIDES PREPARING TO FIGHT

Rebels Intrenching Themselves Daily and Receiving Fresh Supplies of Ammunition - American Troops Disembarking for an Aggressive Campaign-Dissatisfaction Among the Tribes Unfriendly to Aguinalde-Landing of the Commission.

Manila, March 6-4 p. m.-The rebels have been concentrating in the vicinity of the reservoir. To-day a patrol of Company G. Second Oregon Volunteers, was taken in ambush. Two men were wounded, but the Oregonians held their ground under a heavy fire until the remainder of the ssisted by two companies of the First Nebraska Regiment, flanked the enemy, killing thirty and wounding

Two battalions of the Twentieth Regular Infantry have re-enforced Gen. Hale's

All the native huts have been destroyed at Mariquina, and the country there is pretty well cleared, but the rebels were returning in small bodies at sundown.

Apparently they have secured a new supply of smokeless ammunition recently. re has been a noticeable difference during the last few days.

Rebels Preparing to Resist. The rebels, anticipating the American

advance, are busy in throwing up defenses in every direction, and it is reported that levying men and supplies in every province. As a result great dissatisfaction prevails among tribes ordinarily unfriendly to the Tagalos, particularly among the Ilocanos, who assert their desire to assist in conquering the Tagalos, if

The troops which arrived on Saturday on the United States transport Senator and those that arrived yesterday on the transport Ohio are disembarking, and all the preparations are being made to proceed with an aggressive campaign before the wet season sets in.

The Spanish Commissioners who are endeavoring to secure the release of the Spanish prisoners in the hands of Aguinaldo have returned to Malolos to offer \$2,000,000 for their release. As Aguinaldo has been demanding \$7,000,000, it is not lizely their mission will be successful. Philippine Commission Lands.

he civil members of the United States on Saturday afternoon from Hongkong on the cruiser Baltimore, landed to-day, and are now installed in quarters especially provided for them on the Malate awaiting the arrival of Col. Charles Denby, the other civil member of the commission, they will devote their time to sight-seeing and get-ting familiar with local conditions. Unil Col. Denby arrives the commission will

garding the movements of transports: Arizona will sail for San Frenisco, via Hongkong, with all the sick on March 9; the Newport, via Nagasaki, Japan, with all the returning officers and their wives, on March 10: the Scandia, via Negasaki, with discharged soldiers, on March 11, and the Morgan City, via Nagasaki, on March 12."

VON DIEDRICH WAS INDISCREET.

His Course at Manila Disapproved by German Government.

Berlin, March 6 .- A high official of the German Navy Department has informed the correspondent here of the Associated Press that the appointment of Prince Senry of Prussia, brother of Emperor William, to the command of the East Asiatic squadren had been considered for months past and was finally decided upon as being the most available, the Emperer desiring to show the American people that he is thoroughly friendly to them, knowing that Prince Henry is popular in the

When the official referred to was asked whether the appointment was equivalent to the disgrace of Admiral von Diedrichs,

Not exactly. If Aumiral von Diedrichs had shown more tact last summer before Manila, it would undeniably have been productive of good results all around. Our government, unfortunately, was advised too late of a number of occurrences before portant; but they showed grave want of upon Admiral von Diedricis' part. The main trouble was that Admiral von Diedrichs was insufficiently informed regarding international naval usages in such a delicate situation. Consequently, he continued naval movements, drill, searchlight practice as if elsewhere than a blockaded port, thus arousing distrust upon the part of the Americans.' important, as being the first German official admission that there had been trouble between the Germans and Americans in Manila Ray.

The first regularly appointed German raval attache at Washington, von Rebeur board the North German Lloyd eleamer Lahn, which sails from Bremen.

OTIS TO ATTACK INSURGENTS.

Preparing Plans for a General For-

ward Movement of Troops, here is some reason to expect imporon fews from Manila within the next chight. It has developed that Gen. Otis as practically completed his plans for grand onslaught on the insurgents, s expected to deprive them of ofpower at least. It is probable that form a large part of his force to columns, as soon as his re-enforce-ents are all at hand, and will push these parallel lines straight through the junas the troops go forward. der the petty but anhoying sharpshooting of the Filipinos, and

Gen. Otis has yielded to their desire. CASUALTIES IN THE FIELD.

Three Men Killed, One at San Pedro Macati and Two at Jaro, in Panay. The War Department yesterday ved the following cablegram from Ma-

San Pedro Mucatt, Luron, killed: Third AF-Eattery G. Private John Toica. Wounded: California, Company G. Private Louis H. J. Abdomen, severe; Company L, Witham H. thigh, moderate; Twenty-third Infantry, First Sergt, Henry Fr McFadden,

PEOPLE OF NEGROS CONTENTED.

Island Congress Sends Congratulations on Arrival of Americans.

A cablegram from Gen. Otis at Malla, received in Washington vesterday ndicates the satisfactory and agreeabl reception accorded to the American troops which recently landed at the island of Negros. They were sent there by Gen. Miller at Iloilo in command of Col. Smith to take formal possession for the United States, which he did without trouble. Previous to the time the troops landed a commission from the island vis-ited Gen. Otis and said they were willing to surrender and asked that he take the inhabitants under his protection. The congratulatory address to Gen.
Miller embodied in Gen, Otls' dispatch
is particularly gratifying to the efficials

of the administration, as they believe the attitude of the inhabitants of the the attitude of the inhabitants of the island of Negros is such that there will be no trouble in dealing with them hereafter. Gen. Otis' dispatch is as follows:

"Following from Hollo 4th instant: 'Government Congress inhabitants of Ne-

gros to Gen, Miller, Hollo. We affectionately salute you and congratulate ourselves for the happy arrival of Col. Smith and troops under his orders and beg you to send this salute and congratulations to Gen. Otis, Manila. as representative of the government of the United States in the Philippines. Lacson

NOT TO HAVE A NATIVE ARMY

Methods of Imperialistic England Not to Be Followed.

The Regular Force of 65,000 Men Is No. Deemed Ample for the Philippines, Cuba, and Porto Rico - Its Proposed Distribution.

Although authorized by the new army aw to recruit an army of 35,000 in the colonial possessions, the President will not avail himself of the opportunity. The real reason for this decision is said to be a desire to avoid as much as possible all appearance of imitating imperialistic England. In other words, the native troops of India are to have no counterpart in the United States.

A careful survey of the situation in Cuba, Porto Rico, and the Philippines is said to convince the President and the War Department officials that the army of 65,600 regulars authorized by the law mands. The trouble will be, of course, in securing full enlistment, but it is expected that large numbers of the volunteers who are soon to be mustered out will go into the regular army for two years' additional service. All of the volunteers will be dispensed with by the 1st of May. Already arrangements are being made for cinnati the business men in the low reducing the force in Cuba, while the situ-ation in the Philippines is daily becoming No dwellings have been disturbed except ation in the Philippines is daily becoming more serene. There are at present about two tenement quarters, one known as it was said that there were no less than river will have to remove their goods to leght Major Generals there, of whom six the second story. No railroads at that Generals. It is understood that when the regular trains. force in Cuba is reduced the list of officers of highest rank now there will be

materially decreased. It is estimated that the 65,000 men when they are all enlisted, will be disposed of with 25,000 in the Philippines, 15,000 in Of the bottom land is already inundated. Cuba, and 5,000 in Porto Rico, leaving a All the tributary streams are badly swolforce of 15,000 available in this country. Under the new law there will be no trouble ir providing a full complement of line and staff officers for all the regiments, while the companies will be recruited up to the maximum of 106 for each com-

Considerable pressure is being brought to bear upon the Secretary of War for appointment to the commissioned list of the regular army, but it is said that of the 101 new places to be filled, all have been practically decided upon and will seen by appearance.

DEATHS FROM SMALLPOX. That Disease Still Prevalent Among Oar Troops at Manila. The War Department has received the

following cablegram Manila, March 5.-The following deaths ard L. Bryant, Company K. First Colorado, variola; Verne A. Barker, Company I, Thirteenth Minnesota, variola; 26th, Harry L. Plowman, Company H, irst Idaho, variola: William J. Donohue, Cor pony F, First Colorado, variole; 27th, Sim Barber, Company L, Twentieth Kansas, variola; March 1, John A. Ewing, Company G, First North Dakota, phold; Frank Upham, Company C, First North Oakota, dysentery; Joseph Marx, Company C. First Montana, variola; George L. Doran, Company F. Sighteenth Infantry, diarrhea and pneumonia.

Privates Richard H. McLean, First Washingt Howard A. Olds, Twentieth Kansas; 28th, Edw S. Moore, Company G. First Montana.

With reference to the number of deaths from variola or smallpox, mentioned in General Otis' weekly mortality report, made public yesterday, Surgeon General ernberg said that no additional precouions could be taken in connection with he spread of the disease. Everything possible has been done and every preven-ive measure taken. The troops at Manila have been vaccinated and each regiment horoughly searched for persons who have not taken advantage of this guard against not taken advantage of this guard against smallpox. In one instance a regiment was canvassed four times in order that every one should be vaccinated. When a case appears the patient it at once iso-lated and proper measures taken to effect a cure and prevent the contagion from

Transport Grant at Singapore London, March 6 .- Lloyd's agent at

ingapore announces the arrival there of

the United States transport Grant, which sailed from New York on January 19 with re-enforcements of troops for the Philip-pine Islands. SENATOR JONES SUFFERS RELAPSE.

His Physician Has Ordered Absolute Rest for the Patient. After improving steadily for about ten days Senator Jones, of Arkansas, had a evere recurrence yesterday afternoon of the trouble which prostrated nim on the morning of February 22. The paroxysms

sted about one hour. Last night at a late hour he was restng well and was nearly free from pain His physician attributes the last attack to the Senator exerting himself in th chort to attend to some pressing public business incidental to the adjournment of Congress. The doctor has issued positive instructions that no one shall see Senator Jones for an indefinite period. He has also directed that no mail or telegrams shall be permitted to reach the Senator, in the hope that absolute rest and quiet may bring about permanent relief.

Another Blizzard Strikes Nebraska.

Omaha, March 5 .- Early this morning another blizzard struck Nebraska, and continued throughout the day. At Ne braska City three inches of snow fell and the mercury reached zero. Syracuse re-Const. Slightly injured. First California, Company
C Mergit Franke P. McNally, sprained ankle in action, First Nebraska, Company K, Private James
Weidon, ruptured in action February 22.

At Jame, Panay, Eilled; March 1 and 2, respect
Omaha about zero at midnight.

VICTIMS OF THE FLOOD

Four Men Drowned in Swollen Streams in Kentucky.

OHIO STILL RISING AT CINCINNATI

Indications that It Will Reach Fifty-six Feet This Morning-Rate of Rise Three Inches Fer Hour-If No Further Rain Falls, Maximum Rate May Not Exceed Sixty Feet-Reports from West Virginia-Damage So Far Inconsiderable.

Cincinnati, March 6.-Fifty-three feet and nine inches is the 10 o'clock stage of the Ohio River at this point to-night. This beyond all expectations warranted by information at hand last night. The rainfall in the limited section of the Ohio watershed south and east of the Ohio River was much greater than any one expected. The rate of rise at this point o-night is about three inches per hour. This rate has been maintained for more than twenty-four hours. The indications here now are that there will be fifty-six eet of water in the Ohio at Cincinnati by

At Wheeling the stage is twenty-six

feet. Further down the river, at Par-kersburg, W. Va., the river is stationary. At Gallipolis it is forty-seven feet, and ising slowly. At Portsmouth it is fiftyour feet and ten inches, and rising two inches an hour. Taking the Portsmouth stage as an indication in connection with the condition of the river at points above up to Parkersburg, the indications are that the maximum stage reached at Cincinnati will be fifty-nine, and possibly sixty, feet, provided the floods are not increased by further rainfall.

Damage Slight So For. Damage by flood in the cities on the Ohie, so far reported, is slight. At Huntington, W. Va., where the stage is fifty-two and a half feet, two barges of coal were sunk in the Guyan, and thousawlogs were washed away. Most of the logs were recovered before reaching Portsmouth. At Portsmouth cellars and factories are flooded on Front street, while on Mill, East will be sufficient to meet all present de- Front, and Jackson streets many people have been driven from their dwellings. Very little interference with business has

been experienced.

The stage in the lower Ohio is such that no more coal will get away from the fleets in harbor at Louisville down the cinnati the business men in the lowlands

Several Persons Drowned, Louisville, Ky., March 6.—The swollen streams in Kentucky are causing great damage, especially to farmers. The River is rising rapidly and much

Essides the damage to property, several asualties have resulted already. J. W.

Gordon was drowned near Frankfort while trying to ford Stoney Creek, Willam Abshire, near Richmond; Jacob Ewing, at Ewing Station, and Neal Carter, ear Mount Sterling, lost their lives in like manner. At Catlettsburg the government gauge

is 54.5 feet and the river is rising slowly. Merchants and residents are moving to higher ground. The water is now eig een inches above the danger line. Consid-Sandy River. At Louisa the gauge shows 54 feet and still rising. This is the highest coru since 1862. Lexington, Ky., March 8 .- The tracks of

the Lexington and Eastern Railway have been washed away by floods near Jacknce last weekly report: February 25, Private Rich- | son, Ky. News from all over the State indicates unprecedented rise in waters. Wheeling, W. Va., March 6 .- Here at 6 p. m. the river is 28 feet and rising. The rise will reach its top notch Tuesday morning, with 30 to 33 feet. The latter stage will enter a few cellars and houses on low-lying ground in this vicinity. Struck by Train and Killed.

This morning a stranger, F. Eberle, while waiking along the Ohio River Rail-road tracks, watching the rising river, was struck by a passenger train and kill-The body was thrown into the river, but it was recovered by the trainm The Ohio River Railroad officials have ssued an order to discontinue selling tick-

ts to points below Point Pleasant, where the flood has reached the tracks. Huntington, W. Va., the water has entered the company's passenger station Charleston, W. Va., March 6 .- Although the floods receded slowly to-day, the larg er portion of the city is still under water. Heavy snow fell this afternoon, and tonight with it came freezing temperature. The relief committee has accomplished much in providing food and fuel, but there will probably be much suffering on account of the cold weather. Several hun-fired families are quartered in the State

was 41.25 feet, which is 11-2 inches less and falling. All danger of flood in this vicinity has passed. The only fatality reported as attributable to the high water is the drowning of Joseph Moore, a roller in Lockhart's mill. While viewing the flood from a raft he fell in and was quickly carted away by the control of the foreign settlement, owing to the evasive and obstructive tactics to which he has resorted. They will demand that the Viceroy appoint a special deputy to arrange the matter." Pittsburg, Pa., March 6 .- At midnight

House, City Hall, Court House, and other

buildings. The highest stage reached here

led away by the swift current Flood in the James. Richmond, Va., March 6.-The flood in he James River, at this point, has coninued to rise until the water has crossed Main street at Seventeenth, preventing the running of cars on the Main street ne at a second point, the line having aleady been broken by the freshet at a int between the city proper and Fulton.

he wharves at Rocketts are submerged, and many stores and dwellings in the low-

CZAR'S PEACE PROPOSAL.

Text for Dr. Hale's Speech at Arbitration Advocates' Meeting.

Boston, March 6.-A meeting to advocate rbitration of disputes betweeen nations was held in Tremont Temple to-day. Rev. Dr. Edward Everett Hale was the prin-

cipal speaker. He said:
"We have come here to forget the things that are behind and to toink only of the things that are before. My text is the one will ponder over."

SARAH ANN ANGELL, HER NIECE Room Prepared on Board to Receive Lord DEMAND DOUBLED IN TWO MONTHS

Dr. Hale showed the possibility of universal peace between nations by referring to the experience of the United States, where forty-five independent States refer all their disputes to one permanent trib-nal, which decides between them on all disturbing questions that may arise. What is possible for the States of the Union is possible for the states of Europe.

QUAY MAY SOON WITHDRAW

Report at Harrisburg that Col. Huff May Be His Successor.

Lancaster Delegation Reported to Be Ready to Desert Quay on Account of a Removal from Office-Koontz Scores a Victory in House.

tice ary. At Brownsville and Morgantown, near the neadwaters of the Monongahela, where the great supply came from to make the flood in that river, the waters are falling with seventeen feet at Morgantown and nearly twenty-three at Brownsville.

Tumors current here to-night that Senator indirectly asked for funds with which to prosecute her investigation as to the marriage of Jay Gould and Mary Brown. She said in the letter that while it would be very difficult to procure a marriage record, the other (birth record) was "now all properties of the Monongahela, where the great supply came from to make the flood in that river, the waters are falling with seventeen feet at Morgantown and nearly twenty-three at Brownsville.

pointment of four additional members of the bribery investigation committee in connection with the passage of the McCarrell jury bill in the House. Mr. Koontz, who is a member of the committee, declared that the resolutions adopted by it, against his protest, which regulate the method to be pursued, would prevent any investigation, and he demanded that they be set aside. Several amendments they be set aside. Several amendments is the proceeds, "you and I will be dead as the control of the whole situation in her hands." If the case goes to trial she proceeds, "you and I will be dead as the control of the whole situation in her hands." If the case goes to trial she proceeds, "you and I will be dead as the control of the whole situation in her hands." If the case goes to trial she proceeds, "you and I will be dead as the control of the whole situation in her hands." If the case goes to trial she proceeds, "you and I will be dead as the point of the whole situation at this late day should fail us?"

Anxious to Meet George Gould.

A third letter to Mrs. Beebe tells who is the whole situation at this late day should fail us?"

Anxious to Meet George Gould. they be set aside. Several amendments were offered, including one to discharge the committee from further consideration of the charges, but after a great deal of argument these were withdrawn and the original resolutions were adopted by a viva voce vote. The new members of the committee are Young, of Tioga, and Rendall, of Chester (anti-Quay Republicans), and Dixon, of Elk, and Fow, of Philadelphia, Democrats.

the hour for the caucus. Supporters of Hayward opposed the motion without success. Four ballots were taken to-night, the last one resulting: Allen (Pop.), 57; Hayward (Rep.), 37; Webster (Rep.), 11; Field (Rep.), 8; Lambertson (Rep.), 1; Hainer (Rep.), 2; Weston (Rep.), 2; Weston (Rep.), 3; Weston (Rep.), 4; Hainer (Rep.), 5; Adams (Rep.), 1; Hainer (R

Three Ballets Taken at Dover.

Dover, Del., March 6.-The eighty-fourth, United States Senator, taken by the Delaware Legislature in joint assembly at reon to-day, resulted as follows: John Biggs (Democrat), 19; Addicks (Union Re-publican), 18; William S. Hilles (regular Republican), 11; absent, 4; total vote, 48

RELATIONS ARE BROKEN OFF

damage is reported up the Big Italian Minister at Peking on Bad Terms with Foreign Office.

Insolent and Threatening Reply of Chines Government to Italy's Demand the Cause - American Marines to Be Withdrawn.

Peking, March 6 .- Owing to the insulting manner in which the Chinese government has refused the request of the Italian government for a lease of San-Mun province of Che-Klang, as a coaling station and naval base, Signor Martino, the Italian Minister, declines to hold direct communication with the Tsung Li Yamen.

The American marines who have been guarding the Lind State Level Level and the Lind State Level place something to your credit." Italian Minister, declines to hold direct communication with the Tsung Li Yamen, guarding the United States Legation are

under orders to leave. The Russian and French Embassies have also notified the government of their intention to soon withdraw the guards from their respective legations.

London, March 7.—The Peking corres-

London, March 7.—The Peking correspondent of the Times says:
"The Tsung Li Yamen's rejection of Italy's demands was couched in studiously contemptuous and minatory terms. I find that the French Minister a fortnight ago warned the Tsung Li Yamen that Italy was about to present a demand, and counseled its rejection. Signor Martino's dispatch used the very words 'sphere of influence,' which owing to difficulty in translation were rendered 'protectorate' in lation were rendered 'protectorate' in

The Times publishes the following dispatch from Shanghai:
"The British, American, and German Consuls to-day (Monday) declined to hold further negotiations with the Tao Tai of

SNOWED IN SIX DAYS.

Sorry Plight of Passengers on a Cheyenne and Northern Train.

cheyenne, Wyo., March 5.—An urgent message for relief was received to-day from the Cheyenne and Northern train in the snow at Iron Mountain. The provisions are reduced to a few beans and a little coffee, with forty-two persons on board to be fed. They have been snowed in for six days, and their condition is desperate, as the adjacent ranches where food has heretofore been obtained are about out of provisions. Hon, Joan F.

Denired Having Been Gould's Wife.

In for six days, and their condition is desperated and many stores and dwellings in the lower part of the city are flooded, more or
less, but little real damage is being done,
as merchants and householders had ample
warning, and had moved their goods and
chattels to places of safety. There is
some fear that the city gas supply will be
cut off by reason of the possible flooding
of the lower gas works. The water is now
believed to be at about its highest point.

Petomac High at Cumberland.

Special to The Post.

Cumberland, Md., March 6.—The Potonac is very high below here, inundating
the lowlands and nearly covering the towpath at some places. The extraordinary
oured in by the South Branch and the
lacapon Rivers. A heavy rain is falling
line for six days, and their condition is desletate, as the adjacent ranches where
tood has heretofroe been obtained are about out of provisions. Hon, Joan F.
McDermott, John and F. W. Foxton, who
walked in from the imprisoned train, report the cuts drifted level full of hardshow between heave and Iron Mountain,
and that the only way of getting through
with a train will be by shoveling.

A relief train, with a supply of provistions and 100 shovelers, was sent out
this morning, but it cannot reach the imprisoned train before to-morrow morning.
The blockade on the Union Pacific was
relieved to be at about its highest point.

The blockade on the Union Pacific was
relieved to be charged to Jay Gould, Mrs. Cody that
Mrs. Angell denied to him that she had
wrs. Angell denied to him that she had
the with a train will be by shoveling.

The blockade on the Union Pacific was
relieved to be at about its highest point.

The blockade on the Union Pacific was
with a train will be contended by the edefense that

SARAH ANN COULD DEAD upon the stand by the defense. Considering her age, she showed little in lication of having been injured by her more than nine months' confinement in pisson. Before she had proceeded far an adjournment was taken until 10 o'clock to-morrow morning.

Startling Evidence in Cody Blackmail Trial.

Mrs. Hoyle Testifies that Mrs. Angell, Now Figuring in This Case, and Alleged to Be Woman Who Was Mother of Jay Gould's Child, Was Servant in Hoyle Family at Time of Alleged Marriage-Writing of Church Record Tested.

Albany, N. Y., March 6.—Mrs. Sarah and the body will be put on board transpell and John Angell, the missing witnesses in the Cody care. We can be considered to the Talbot. A room has been Angell and John Angell, the missing wit-nesses in the Cody case, were on hand at prepared on board the cruiser to receive ning of court in the Cody trial to- the remains. day. Mrs. Angell is the woman who, it was contended, had been married to Jay Gould and who was the mother of the child, the alleged birth record of which in the books of the Cooperville Church, is the basis of the case of the prosecution, inasmuch as experts claim to have dis-

covered erasures and changes in it. The first witness to-day was Mrs. Se-The first witness to-day was Mrs. Seguin, of Rouse's Point, who testified to from Fort Wadsworth, at the entrance having written a letter to Mrs. Beebe, at the dictation of Mrs. Cody, in which she departs, Secretary Alger having given

removal of a nephew of ex-Auditor General Mylin, of Lancaster, by Governor asked for \$100, and told that Mrs. Pierce's Stone from a subordinate position in one lawyer had arrived in Albany with a de-of the departments. Senator Quay's man-MME. BIANCHINI ON TRIAL agers ridicule these reports and insist that under no conditions will be withdraw. They say their lines are intact and rumors of further defections in their ranks are absurd.

The House of Representation in their that she was never married to Jay Gould. The marriage, the deposition set forth, was to a Frenchman named Vidas, "who starved her." Mrs. Cody's letter continues: "I think the woman is crazy. I The House of Representatives had another lively debate to-night over the resolution offered by Mr. Koontz for the application of the control of forms of the control of the

> A third letter to Mrs. Beebe tells of Mrs. Cody's anxiety to meet George Gould personally, because, as she says, she "has the key of the whole situation in her hands. "If the case goes to trial," she proceeds, "you and I will be dead and buried, for that old fool is constantly changing her mind and every now and then contends that she was never married to Gould.

ters for Mrs. Cody in 1895, who had asked him if he could write in more than one kind of handwriting. One of the letters phia, Democrats.

The forty-first ballot for United States
Senator to-day resulted as follows: Quay,
11; Jenks, 8; Tubbs, 1. No quorum.

which he had written and which was dated Oswego, N. Y., and signed H. Moore, was to Miss Helen Gould and suggested to her the advisability of personally see-NO CHANGE YET IN NEBRASKA. to her the advisability of personally seeing Mrs. Cody, who had "control of the entire case," and was in a position to Hayward's Pessible Election—Caucus Pre-vented by the Opposition. "put an end to the entire scandal." Still another letter to George Gould told of the case against the Goulds having been ation in the Philippines is daily becoming more seriene. There are at present about 25,000 men in the Philippines, nearly 20,-000 in Cuba, and about 5,000 in Porto Rico. The number of officers in Cuba attracted the attention of Senator Proctor when he was recently on a visit to that island. It was said that there were no less than eight Major Generals there, of whom six were in Havana, and eight Erizadier (Grovered Like were in Havana, and eight Erizadier (Grovered Like were trying to the second story. No railroads at that stage will be prevented from running (Grovered Like were trying to the second story two tenement quarters, one known as two tenement quarters, one known as Rat Row and the other as Sausage Row, situated at opposite extremities of the steamboat landing.

No dwellings have been disturbed except two tenement quarters, one known as Rat Row and the other as Sausage Row, situated at opposite extremities of the being solded in Mrs. Cody's hands by Mrs. Cody hand in the other as Sausage Row, situated at opposite extremities of the being solded in Mrs. Cody's hands by Mrs. Cody's hands by Mrs. Cody's hands by Mrs. Cody hand in the felled in Mrs. Cody hand in the felled in Mrs. Cody hand will mrs. Cody had will mrs. Cody be aded in Mrs. Cody hand in the other as Sausage Row, with he felled in Mrs. Cody had an alleged in Mrs. Cody had an alleged in Mrs. Cody had an

Point, had talked with Mrs. Cody during the fall of 1895. Witness had told Mrs. Cody that Gould could not have married eighty-fifth, and eighty-sixth ballots for had been at the time of the alleged merriage a servant in her (Mrs. Hoyle's) family. She had also told Mrs. Cody that the Sarah Brown referred to was not the Mrs. Angell who has figured in the present case, but that Mrs. Angell was in reality the niece of the woman who, it was said, had been married to Jay Gould. The origanal Sarah Ann Gould, Mrs.

Hoyle says, is dead.

While this testimony was being taken Mrs. Angell nodded her head and smiled

Mrs. Hoyle said that the original Sarah Brown was of dark complex on while the woman who it is contended now was the Sarah Ann Brown of the oirth record had light hair and blue eves Mrs. Hoyle said that "Melissa" Brown, the one whom she now designates as Mrs. Angell, left her farm in 1853, when she was about sixteen years old, taking with her her child by an old Frenchman, named Rousseau. The child was a boy. Subsequently witness had heard of the

child's having been "bound out."
William B. Hoyle, a son of the pre-ceding witness, told of having heard a onversation between Mrs. Cody and his mother, in which the former, after telling his mother of the difficulties she had had in determining the identity of Mrs.

Writing of Church Record Tested. By mutual agreement the testimony of George J. Gould, taken at the first trial, and which had regard to the reccipt of letters from Mrs. Cody, upon which the charge of blackmail is based, was read to

David N. Carvalho, a hand-writing expert, made chemical tests in court at the beginning of the afternoon session with a view to discovering what names, if any, had been erased from the records of the Cooperville church before the alleged substitution of the names Mary Brown Gould and Jay Gould, Mr. Carvalho, in his cross-examination, had fense, that by a chemical test he could, under ordinary conditions, be able to de-termine the words which had been erased. The test occupied about twenty-five min-

The expert said he was able to state that the original entry had preceding the name "Jay Gould" the initials "E. A., and following it the small letter "k. There had been also an erasure of four rhere had been also an example of in-small letters, one of which was an "i. In regard to the words "Mary Brown, where another erasure and change ha-been pre-supposed, there was no indica-tion, through the chemical test, of an a

Cody then said to Mrs. Angell: "Do you know that this denial of yours would make me subject to the charge of blackmall?" Mrs. Angell made no response, but stuck to her statement.

It will be contended by the defense that

contended that the letter was rather in daughter.

the nature of a friendly suggestion. She, in fact, said her lawyer tried to avoid publicity. Mrs. Cody was the first witness put MILLIONS OF RATIONS

CRUISER TALBOT AT NEW YORK.

Herschell's Remains.

New York, March 6.-The third-class

British cruiser Talbot, Capt. Gamble, ar-rived here to-day from Bermuda and

anchored in the upper bay. The Talbot was ordered here to transport the body

The remains of the late Lord Herschell

will arrive over the Pennsylvania road at 6:30 o'clock to-morrow morning. They

will be met at the depot in Jersey City by officers from the Brooklyn Navy Yard

port were made as quietly as possible

Charged with Attempting to Poison

Her Husband.

Evidence Showing that He Squandered

Her Fortune and Then Permitted a

Well-known Critic to Become

His Wife's Lover.

Paris, March 6.-Mme. Charles Bian-

The court room was crowded with fash

of Lord Herschell to England.

Cubans Apparently Gifted with Gargantuan Appetite.

Requisition for Province of Havana for March 650,000 Rations-Cuban Military Assembly Continuing to Hold Sessions in Strictest Seclusion-Report of Rioting at Puerto Principe-Cubans Warned Not to

Havana, March 6 .- For the month of The remains of Lord Herschell were taken to New York last night on the midnight train over the Pennsylvania road. The two secretaries, Messrs, Cartuse every possible opportunity of get-ting rations under false pretenses, and partly to the fact that the American disroad. The two secretaries, Messrs, Cart-wright and Williamson, accompanied the body, but there was no special funeral escort, and arrangements for the transtributors are unable to discriminate pr

Indeed, the Americans are almost in a position of having to give to anybody who looks poor. The requisition for the province of Havana for March is 650,000 rations. Maj. Gen. Ludlow has given the strictest orders that the distributors in Havana shall, so far as possible, give only to persons really ill, utterly unable to work, or of advanced age, and that applistates: I thank you sharery and to the memory of Lord cants who are proven guilty of misrepre-tion for the honors paid to the memory of Lord cants who are proven guilty of misrepre-sentating their condition shall be severely

The supply ship Comal, with 1,000,000 raions, will proceed to Matanzas and Na

vitas to unload them.

The Cuban Military Assembly held a third secret session this afternoon, a guard being placed around the house where the meeting was held, and the public being riscovely excluded.

With the disarming of the army the Assembly's functions will disappear. It is rumored to-day that the members are considering an early dissolution, but are trying to gain notoriety before the As-sembly ceases to exist. In some of the political clubs talk still continues in favor chini, wife of the famous and popular scenic artist, and who was arrested last of forming a political party under the leadership of Gen. Gomez, with the specific object of leading Cuba to the inde-November on the charge of attempting to poison him, was placed on trial to-day. pendence not yet attained. An unconfirmed report is in circulation

ionable women, many prominent people being present. The prisoner, who was Puerto Principe. elegantly attired, conducted herself in the most nonchalant fashion and flatly denied the accusation. The evidence showed that after squandering his wife's fortune of 750,000 francs,
M. Bianchini, in order to prevent his Cuba soon, and that, therefore, the work home being sold, allowed M. Mayer, a

About six months before Mme. Bianchint's arrest, her husband was suddenly at tacked by a mysterious malady, which the physicians diagnosed differently, them declared his belief that the symp toms were those of atrophine poisoning, and thereupon Bianchini's friends, MM. Carre and Gailhard, directors of the Grand Opera, took it upon themselves to carry him to a distant village, away from wife. There he recovered rapidly. the police arrested Mme. Bianchini they found bottles of atrophine in the house. She

PAYS TRIBUTE TO PRUSSIA.

Mr. White's Address Taken as Indication Berlin, March 6 .- United States Ambassador White's lecture here yesterday on 'Evolution versus Revolution in Nationwith its eloquent tribute t al Progress," the genius of the Prussian nation, is regarded as important in indicating a German-American rapprochement.

COL. PITKIN APPLIES FOR DIVORCE. New Orleans' Lately Appointed Postmas ter is Seeking Legal Separation.

Special to The Post New Orleans, La., March 6.—Col. J. R. G. Pitkin, recently appointed postmaste of New Orleans, to-day sued for an abso lute divorce from his wife, Annie Lovel Pitkin, who is also a resident of New Orleans. Pitkin was United States Minis ter to Argentine during Harrison's ministration, and is a political speaker of prominence. Pitkin alleges cruelty the part of his wife as reason for his divorce, and says he has been separated from her for eight years. It was the Mrs. Pitkin has been prominent in mu sical and amateur theatrical circles New Orleans. She was the adopted daughter of Capt. J. Loveli, at one time a very prominent ship broker of this city, and was left a large sum of money

ADAH RICHMOND'S NEW SUIT.

Seeking to Recover Dower Rights in the

Boston, March 6 .- Adah Richmond, the etress, who previously has figured as a contestant of the will of the late John Stetson, of this city, calling berseif Adah Richmond Stetson, to-day entered suit fo \$300,000 in the Superior Civil Court against John Stetson, Sr., to recover dower right in the estate left by John Stetson, Jr., to which the rights of the father were tablished in a former contest.

At this trial the plaintiff in the present suit testified that John Stetson, Jr., marled her in Rhode Island, and that they lived together until his cruelty drove her away. Justice Morton, however, said she had not proved her case.

PERISHED IN PRAIRIE FIRE.

Three Men Burned to Death Near Agul-1 res in Texas. San Antonio, Tex., March 6.—Prairie fires are burning in Nueces, Starr, and Duval Counties. It has not rained in this

the grass burns like tinder. Fires are

Fayne Moore's Mother Seriously I 1. New York, March 7.-The World says that Mrs. Strahan, of Atlants, mother of Mrs. Fayne Moore, is seriously ill with pneumonia in this city. She came here re-cently to assist in the defense of her

Go to Foreign Ports Under Cuban Flag.

March the various provinces, excepting the province of Santiago, have made requisition for two million rations. Thus, instead of diminishing, the requisition has doubled since that of January 1. This is due partly to the fact that the Cabans erly between impostors and the really

public being rigorously excluded from the precincts. The assumption is that the mysterious \$12,000,000 proposal fathered by Senor Farres is still under discussion. Gen. Maximo Gomez ignores the Assembly. Eager for Greater Notoriety.

of riotous disturbances by Cubans at La Discusi view with Maj. Gen. Wilson, Military Governor of Matanzas, which represents him as saying to the Cuban General, Peof appointing new civil administrators for the province must be hastened.

Jose Maria Gomez has been appointed Civil Governor of Santa Clara.

Maj. Gen. Lee will have a review of the Seventh Army Corps on Wednesday in honor of Admiral Sampson and other naval officers.

Typhoid in Seventh Corps.

There are now sixty-eight cases of tycorps, an increase During a general fight on Saturday night among the men of Company E. First North Carolina Regiment, Frank James, of Statesboro, N. C., was badly ut with a knife and stabbed in the back with a bayonet. Private Duckworth has been confined in the regimental guard-house charged with the stabbing. James will recover.

Col. Tasker H. Bliss, the Secretary here Col. Tasker H. Bliss, the Secretary her of the Treasury Department, has issued a statement that the United States con-sular agents are unable to obtain recog-nition or protection in foreign ports for the blue and white flag recently designed for Cuban shipping, and warns Cubar shipmasters not to proceed to foreign

THE SANTIAGO TROUBLE.

Civil Engineer Castillo Attempts to Allay Feeling Among Laborers.

Santiago de Cuba, March 6.-To-day orders were received from Havana directing the payment of provincial officials, but these orders do not affect the 2,000 laborers out of work, nor meet the fact that the public works already initiated aro suffering seriously from lack of prosecu-

Civil Governor Demetrius Castillo, as a precaution against a possible disturbance, has sent word to the working gangs that they should stay where they are for the they should stay where they are for the present, as, in all probability, they will have orders to return to work in the pairse of two or three days. He further explains that the delay was merely the result of "red tape" in the relations between Santiago and Havana, asserting that Maj. Gen. Wood, the Military Governor, thinks it quite probable that his estimate may be accepted by cable.

COLONIAL BOARD ARRIVES.

Its Mission Misunderstood by the People of Porto Rico. San Juan de Porto Rico, March 6.-The United States transport McPherson, for-merly the Obdam, arrived to-day with Robert P. Kennedy, Charles W. Watkins, and Henry G. Curtis, of Iowa, who contitute the Porto Rico Commission on Edecation, taxation, and the cognate interests of the island.

The Commissioners say they expect to remain here a month, but will consider remain here a month, but will consider only questions relating to the civil government, and not interfere with the affairs of the military administration. It had been generally understood that the commission would assume the functions of the military department, especially regarding the consideration of franchises and improvements; and many persons had prepared to submit applications for franchises.

WILL NOT GUARANTEE BONDS United States Cannot Recognize Obliga-

tions of Cuban A-semb'y. The Associated Press is authorized to state that under no conditions will the Government of the United States consent to recognize in any manner any financial obligations issued by the so-celled Assembly of the Cuban Army, now in session near flavana, chould the old, see fit to authorize the issue of any bonds for any purpose the Government of the United States will not be led into guar-anteeing them and they must stand on their own resources in that matter.

Deaths Among Tro p in Cuba. The following report from Gen. Brooke t Havana, dated March 4, has been re-

ceived at the War Department; ceived at the War Department.

Death report, March I, hespital No. Z. Havana;

Frat Lieut, James Wood, assistant surgaon, notd

New York, pernicions malaris; Havana steamer

Missouri, Private Charles H. Buser, Company K.

Benond Artillery, January II, pernicions meteris;

provisco of Havana, Cerp. Jeffe W. Ellis, Company E.

Ritch Missouri, February 13, brain fever, province of Havana, Private John B. Furles, Company

K. First North Carolina, acute gangemen, Panto

Principe, Private Riagley Alger, Company G, Pu
beath Infantry, enterio colitia.

Days of Grace on Sight Drafts. Boston, March 6 .- The Senate this afternoon passed the bill re-establishing days of grace on sight drafts over the Governor's veto. The vote was unani-mous. The House having passed the bill also, it now becomes a law.